

# GLEF 4010 China and Global Economy, 2018-19 Term 2 Course outline

Prof. Gene H Chang

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#### Course description and learning outcomes

The Chinese economy experienced great human-made disasters during Mao's era but has achieved a spectacular success after 1978 when reform started. China currently is the second largest economy in the world, transforming from a poor, rural, command economy to a global industrial power and to an upper middle income country. While China is still the largest manufacturer and exporter in the world but it also suffers from severe environmental deterioration, social and political problems such as rising income inequality, capital flight, slowing lacking rule of law and protection of property rights. These factors cause the economic growth to slow down recently. This course will provide students with a comprehensive knowledge and fundamental understanding of the contemporary Chinese economy, from its history, the reform since 1978, the economic growth and the relevance to the world. The course will also engage the students with research and discussion over China's future problems including debt problems, financial fragility, RMB globalization, demographic structure, sustainability of growth, system barriers, etc.

#### Reading assignments

The reading assignments for each week are the textbook chapters, academic papers, and other references as listed below. Additional materials may be assigned in due course to help understanding and keep information updated. The ppt presentations in the class summarize these important topics about the Chinese economy.

#### Textbook:

Naughton, Barry, The Chinese Economy: Transitions and Growth, MIT Press, 2007

#### Readings:

On line reading material assigned in due course

Chow, Gregory, *China's Economic Transformation*, Third Edition, Willy Blackwell, 2015 Rawski, Thomas and Loren Brandt, *China's Great Economic Transformation*, Cambridge, 2008

The World Bank et al, *Measuring and Analyzing the Impact of GVCs on Economic Development (Global Value Chain Development Report)*, 2017 <a href="https://www.wto.org/english/res">https://www.wto.org/english/res</a> e/booksp e/gvcs report 2017.pdf

Textbook/Reference for GVC and CGE (Computable General Equilibrium) modeling Gene Chang, Computable General Equilibrium Modeling and Programming, 2nd edition, Shanghai People's Press, 2017. (The book is written in Chinese, a reference for those who choose to do a policy analysis on China by CGE or GVC for the group projects.)

#### **Course Assessment**

Class participation	10%
Midterm Test	25%
Group Project	25%
Final exam (see the regulation below)	40%

Note: As a department policy, the final exam is scheduled centrally and no substitute exams will be offered.

#### Course Outline and Readings (some topics may be adjusted in due course)

Introduction: Overview and current state of the Chinese economy
 Lecture

2. Geographic setting and the economy before 1949

Naughton: chapters 1 and 2,

Gallup, Sachs, and Mellinger, "Geography and Economic Development", *International Regional Science Review*, 1999

Bao et al., "Geographic Factors and China's Regional Development Under Market Reforms, 1978-98," *China Economic Review*, Vol 13, 2002, pp. 89-111.

Burke, Hsing and Miguel, "Climate and Conflict", NBER Working Paper 20598, 2014

3. Economy under the Soviet model in 1950s

Naughton, chapter 3

Chang, Yang and Chang, "The Immiserizing Growth during the period of China's Cultural Revolution," with Shenke Yang and Kathryn Chang, *The Chinese Economy*, accepted, 2017 "Asymmetric 'Min' Condition and Estimation for Disequilibrium in Centrally Planned Economies," *Comparative Economic Studies*, Vol.14, No.3-4, 1992, pp.54-67.

"Observation of the Nature of Russia's Virtual Economy," *Post-Soviet Geography and Economics*, Vol. 40, No. 2, March, 1999, pp.114-120

"The Inconsistencies Among Disequilibrium Aggregates," *Journal of Comparative Economics*, Vol. 17, March, 1993, pp.70-91

4. Economic radicalism under Mao: Great Leap Forward and Cultural Revolution

Chang and Wen, "Communal Dining and the Chinese Famine of 1958-61," *Economic Development and Cultural Change*, Oct., 1997, Vol. 46, No.1, pp.1-34

"Food Availability versus Consumption Inefficiency: What is the Primary Concern of the Chinese Famine," with James Wen, China Economic Review, No. 2, Vol. 9, 1998, pp.157-165.

5. Abandoning the Soviet model and reform strategies: gradualism vs Big Bang

Naughton, chapter 4

Chang, "Monetary Overhang: Do Centrally Planned Economies Have Excessive Money Stocks?" Contemporary Economic Policy, July 1994, pp.79-90.

Chang, What Caused Hyperinflation at Big Bang: Monetary Overhang or Structural Distortion?" China Economic Review, (U.S.A.), Vol. 6, No.1, pp.137-147, 1995

- 6. Economic reform in the rural areas: Household responsibility system and decollectivization Naughton, chapters 10 and 11
- 7. Transition and rural industrialization: TVEs and rural private enterprises

Naughton, chapter 12

Chang and Wen, "Wenzhou Model versus Sunan Model: Two Forms of Non-State Enterprise in China," in Wen Hai, edit., Chinese Township Village Enterprise Nature Experience and Reforms, Zhonghua Gongshang Lianhe Publisher, Beijing, China, 1997, pp.121-132.

Hsiao Cheng, "Shares versus Residual Claimant Contracts: the Case of Chinese TVEs", Journal of Comparative Economics, Vol. 26, pp.317-337, 1998

Chang and Wen, "Communal Duality: Agricultural Subsidies from TVEs," Contemporary Economic Policy, Vol. 19, No. 1, January 1999, pp.79-86.

8. Reform in industries: SOE reform

Naughton, chapter 13

Chang, "Monetary and Financial Policies and SOE Reform in China," in G J Wen and D Xu, The Reformabilty of China's State Sector, World Scientific Press, New Jersey, 1997

Chang, "Effects of Privatization on Employment in Transitional China", in Lin Shuanglin and Zhu Xiaodong, ed., Private Enterprise and China's Economic Development, Routledge, New York, USA, 2006 Chang, "The Corporate Finance Issue Under Macroeconomic Adjustment," in Chang Chun et al., Reform of the Banking System and Development of Regional Financial Center, China Economic Press, Beijing, China, 1997, pp.235-242.

# 9. Population, labor, and employment

Naughton, chapters 7, 8

# 10. Urbanization, migration, regional economies and poverty

Naughton, chapter 5

"Land Price and Intra-country Industrial Relocation in China -- Theory and the Yangtze Delta Area" with Changliu Jiang, Kathryn Chang and Bhuiyan Alam, Chinese Economy, Vol. 46, Nov. 2, 2013

"China's Urbanization Lag and Its Economic Costs" in A Chen and G Liu, ed., Unemployment and Social Welfare, by Ashgate Publishing Ltd., 2002

"The Paradox of China's Growing Under-urbanization", with Joe Brada, Economic Systems Vol.30, Issue 1, pp. 24-40, 2006

#### 11. Income distribution and regional gap

Naughton, chapter 9

Chang, "Disparity in Health Resource Allocation between Rural and Urban Areas in China: Is it Getting Worse?" with HUA Li, in Chinese Economy, Vol. 41, No.6, pp. 45-55, M.E.Shaper, 2008.

# 12. Trade, foreign direct investment, external sector

Naughton, chapter 16, 17; Chow 17

"Is the Chinese Currency Undervalued? Empirical Evidence and Policy Implication," The International Journal of Public Administration, Vol. .30, pp. 137-148, 2007

"Geographic Factors and China's Regional Development Under Market Reforms, 1978-98," with Shuming Bao, Jeffrey Sachs, and Wing Tyae Woo, China Economic Review, Vol 13, 2002, pp. 89-111.

Assigned readings on the U.S.-China "trade war"

#### 13. Macroeconomy and finance

Naughton, chapters 18, 19

"China's Economy from an American's Perspective", in Huang and Zhou, Dragon versus Eagle: The Chinese Economy and U.S.-China Relationship, W.E.Upjohn Institute for Employment Research, Kalamazoo, MI, 2012, pp. 79-105

Chang, Gene, "China after Deng; Macroeconomic Issues and Policies," in Dilemmas of Economic Reform in Post-Deng China, in Andrew J. Nathan, ed., Lynne Reinner Publishers, Boulder, Co, 1999, pp.157-170

"The Chinese Economy: Current State and Key Issues," in Hu, Hong and Stavrou, In Search of A Chinese Road Towards Modernization, The Edwin Mellen, Lewiston, U.K., 1996, pp. 1-21.

"How Much Is the Chinese Currency Undervalued? A Quantitative Estimation," with Qin Shao, China Economic Review, Vol. 15, 2004, pp. 366-371.

Chang, stock crisis in 2015, ppt.

#### 14. China's rising role in the global economy

Manufacturing and trade in the global economy. Climbing in the global value chain Infrastructure and human capital

Currency and internationalizing RMB

Investment and aid overseas, and, "One belt one road" project and development banks

# 15. Current problems and prospect: Demography transition, income distribution, environment, and growth sustanability

Chow, chapters 11 and 12

Cai Fang, "Demographic transition, dividend, and Lewis turning point in China", China Economic Journal, 2010

Chang, "Decomposition of China's Rising Income Inequality ---- Is Rural-Urban Income Gap Solely Responsible?" in Song and Chen, ed. China's Rural Economy after WTO, Ashgate Publisher, USA, 2006, pp.134-140.

Chang, "The Cause and Cure of China's Widening Income Disparity," China Economic Review, Vol. 13, 2002, pp. 335-340.

Cai Fang, "Is There a 'Middle - income Trap'? Theories, Experiences and Relevance to China" China & World Economy, 2012

Eichengreen, Barry, Donghyun Park and Kwanho Shin, "Growth Slowdowns redux: new evidence on the middle-income trap", NBER working paper series 18673, 2013

### 16. China's role in the global value chain

The World Bank et al, Measuring and Analyzing the Impact of GVCs on Economic Development (Global Value Chain Development Report), 2017 PPT presentation material.

# Group project/presentation

Students will form groups to conduct research on a topic of the modern Chinese economy, submit a background paper and give a ppt presentation based on their research. Using some quantitative approaches including econometrics or CGE to conduct analysis are encouraged. Each group will choose a topic from a list given by the instructor. Each group consists of 4 students or less.

Project assignment is due on April 4th and the presentation will be scheduled right afterwards.

#### **Academic Honesty**

The Chinese University of Hong Kong places very high importance on honesty in academic work submitted by students and has a policy of zero tolerance on academic dishonesty. Any academic dishonesty including plagiarism, cheating in tests, undeclared multiple submissions and other act of dishonesty will not be tolerated and will result in penalty and discipline. Please note: http://www.cuhk.edu.hk/eLearning/c\_systems/elearn/getstart\_s.html%23start